

Carbon Dioxide (CO2) is a colorless, odorless gas that is heavier than air (~1.5x), non-flammable, and the primary greenhouse gas reference standard (GWP=1). Supplied as a compressed liquefied gas, CO2 finds use across food and beverage, industrial, laboratory, and extraction applications. **IMPORTANT:** unlike nitrogen, CO2 exerts direct physiological effects even at normal oxygen levels — it stimulates the respiratory system and causes circulatory effects at concentrations ≥3%.

### SECTION 1: PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

<b>Product Name</b>	Carbon Dioxide (CO2)
<b>CAS Number</b>	124-38-9
<b>Formula</b>	CO2   MW: 44.01 g/mol
<b>Available Forms</b>	Compressed liquefied gas (cylinders); Refrigerated liquid (bulk); Solid (Dry Ice — see separate TDS)
<b>Purity</b>	≥99.8% (industrial); ≥99.9% (food grade/beverage)
<b>GHS Signal Word</b>	WARNING (gas under pressure; asphyxiant; direct physiological effects)
<b>UN Numbers</b>	UN1013 (compressed gas); UN2187 (refrigerated liquid)
<b>Supplier</b>	Cannagas Supply   97 Turnpike Rd, Westborough, MA 01581 877-710-1965   Sales@canna-gas.com

### SECTION 2: PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>Physical State (STP)</b>	Colorless, odorless gas; liquefied under pressure	<b>Vapor Density</b>	1.52 (air=1) — heavier than air; accumulates at floor level
<b>Sublimation Pt.</b>	-78.5°C (-109.3°F) at 1 atm (no liquid at atm. pressure)	<b>Gas Density (15°C)</b>	1.96 kg/m3 at 1 atm
<b>Triple Point</b>	-56.6°C (-69.9°F) at 5.2 bar	<b>Liquid Density</b>	1,032 kg/m3 at -20°C
<b>Critical Point</b>	31.1°C (88°F), 73.8 bar	<b>Solubility</b>	1.45 g/L at 25°C — forms carbonic acid H2CO3
<b>Flammability</b>	Non-flammable; suppresses flames	<b>GWP</b>	1 (reference standard)
<b>Flash Point</b>	Not applicable	<b>OEL (OSHA)</b>	5,000 ppm TWA; 30,000 ppm STEL

### SECTION 3: CO2 vs NITROGEN — KEY DIFFERENCES

<b>Physiological Effects</b>	CO2 is NOT just a simple asphyxiant — it directly stimulates the respiratory and circulatory system. At 3–5%: headache, nausea, impaired judgment. At 7–10%: unconsciousness within minutes.
<b>Air Density</b>	CO2 is 1.5x heavier than air (vs N2 which is slightly lighter). CO2 accumulates dangerously at floor level, in pits, and basements.
<b>OEL Stringency</b>	OSHA PEL 5,000 ppm for CO2 (vs no OEL for nitrogen). CO2 levels must be monitored in enclosed use areas.
<b>Fire Applications</b>	CO2 suppresses fire by displacing oxygen. Used in fire suppression systems.
<b>Greenhouse Gas</b>	CO2 is the primary greenhouse gas reference (GWP=1). Nitrogen is inert in atmosphere.

### SECTION 4: APPLICATIONS

<b>Supercritical Extraction</b>	Supercritical CO2 (scCO2) at >31.1°C and >73.8 bar is an excellent selective extraction solvent — widely used for caffeine, hops, and botanical extraction. Leaves no solvent residue.
<b>Food &amp; Beverage</b>	FDA GRAS. Carbonation of beverages, modified atmosphere packaging, refrigerant for cold chain, food freezing (blast freezing).
<b>Welding &amp; Fabrication</b>	Shielding gas for MIG welding (pure CO2 or blends with Argon).
<b>Fire Suppression</b>	Non-conductive, leaves no residue — ideal for electrical equipment and server room suppression.
<b>Laboratory Use</b>	Inert atmosphere, cell culture incubators (CO2/air mix), supercritical fluid chromatography (SFC).
<b>Industrial Inerting</b>	Inerting agent for process equipment — similar to nitrogen but denser.

### SECTION 5: STORAGE & HANDLING

<b>Cylinder Storage</b>	Secure upright in ventilated area. Away from heat sources. Valve caps in place.
<b>Valve Connection</b>	CGA 320 (compressed CO2 cylinders)
<b>CO2 Monitoring</b>	CRITICAL: Install CO2 detectors at floor level in all enclosed use areas. CO2 accumulates at floor level — standard O2 monitors may not detect CO2 buildup.
<b>Handling</b>	Trained personnel only. Use appropriate fittings and regulators rated for CO2 service.

### SECTION 6: SAFETY SUMMARY

■ **SAFETY NOTE: ASPHYXIATION AND DIRECT TOXICITY:** CO2 is heavier than air and accumulates at floor level. Unlike nitrogen, CO2 has direct physiological effects at 3%+ even at normal oxygen levels. Install CO2 floor-level monitors in all enclosed use areas. Never use in unventilated spaces.

<b>GHS Signal Word</b>	WARNING
<b>Key Hazards</b>	H280: Gas under pressure. Asphyxiant + direct physiological effects at 3%+.
<b>OEL</b>	OSHA PEL 5,000 ppm TWA; NIOSH IDLH 40,000 ppm (4%)
<b>SDS Reference</b>	Full SDS available. CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300.

**DISCLAIMER:** Information in this TDS is believed to be accurate as of the issue date. Cannagas Supply makes no warranty regarding fitness for a particular purpose. Refer to the full Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for complete hazard and safety information.